Gazette of the United States, and Philadelphia Daily Advertiser.

By JOHN FENNO, N° 119 Chesnut Street.

NUMBER 1648.] PHILADELPHIA WEDNESDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 20, 1797. [VOLUME XII.

SALES BY AUCTION.

Stated Sales
For DRY GOODS.

Monday — Forenoon—Edward Fox, No. 56, south Front-street. Afternoon—Footman & Co. No. 65 South Front-street.
Tuesday — Forenoon—John Connelly, Old City Auction, No. 73 south Front-street. Afternoon—William Shannon, No. 183 High-street.
Wednesday — Afternoon—Peter Benson, No. 74 south Third-street.
Thursday — Forenoon—Edward Fox. Afternoon—John Connelly.
Friday — Forenoon—William Shannon. Afternoon—John Connelly.
Saturday — Afternoon—Peter Benson.

Marshals Sales,

United States, Pennsylvania District. } ss.

BY virtue of a Writ of venditioni exponas, issued out of the Circuit Court of the United States, in and for the Pennsylvania District of the Middle Circuit, and to me directed will be sold at public sale at the Marshals Office in Race Street No. 117, on Saturday the 30th day of December inst. at 12 o'clock at noon, two elegant engraved Copper plates of Shakespeare, one plate of Harmony, Bartolezzi, one plate of prudence, do. one plate of meekness, do one plate of beauty, do. and one plate of Harvest-home do—Seized and taken in execution as the property of Thomas Bampfylde Freeman, and John Nicholson, Merchants, trading under the firm of Freeman and Company,

And to be sold by

William Nichols, Marshal.

Marshals office, December 18th 1797. } dtf

Marshal's Sales.

United States, Pennsylvania District, } ss.

BY virtue of writs of venditioni exponas, issued out of the district court of the United States, and to me directed, will be sold at public Sale at the merchant's Coffee-House, in Second street, on Wednesday the 27th day of December inst. at 6 o'clock in the evening, all that piece or parcel of meadow ground situate, lying and being in the township of Passyunck, and county of Philadelphia, on the road leading to State Island Ferry, containing about fifty-four acres and three perches, whereon are erected a two story brick Messuage, out houses and a barn; also one other tract or piece of meadow ground, situate in the said township and county, and nearly on the opposite side of the said road to the said ferry, containing sixteen acres & three quarters: also a messuage or tenement and lot or piece of ground situate on the north side of High street, between 5th and 6th streets, in the city of Philadelphia, containing in front on High street, thirty three feet, and in length or depth two hundred feet, bounded east by property of Hannah Pemberton, north by South alley, west by property of William Bell, and south by High street aforesaid.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Henry Seckel, and to be sold by

William Nichols, Marshal.

Marshal's Office, December 15, 1797. } dtf
December 15

To be Sold at Public Vendue,

(If not before disposed of at private sale)

ON Monday the first day of January next, at six o'clock in the evening, at the Merchants' Coffee House, in Philadelphia, Twenty-Six Thousand Seven Hundred and Eighty acres of LAND, in the State of New-York, between the northern bounds of Pennsylvania and the Susquehanna, now, or late in the townships of Hamden and Warren, and county of Montgomery. One fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the time of sale; for the residue credit of one, two and three months, will be given, on interest and good security.

Dec. 1. 3tawtS.

To be Sold at Public Vendue,

(If not before disposed of at private sale)

ON Monday the first day of January next, at six o'clock in the evening, at the Merchants' Coffee House, in Philadelphia, Forty Thousand Nine Hundred and Thirty-Nine acres of LAND in Green county, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, on the Waters of Fish and Wheeling Creek, and ten Mile Run. These lands are fertile, well timbered and abound in coal; they were sold ten years ago for 5s. per acre, patented early in 1787, except 3,700, which were patented in 1793; the greatest part of them were surveyed in 1783.

This tract is between the Ohio and Monongahela, very convenient to water carriage—about 19 miles from the town of Washington, and from 14 to 16 from the villages of Greensburgh and Wheeling. One fourth of the purchase money is to be paid at the time of sale; for the residue a credit of one, two, and three months will be given, on interest and good security.

Dec. 1. 13tawtJ

WANTED,

A LARGE PARCEL OF

Scantling and other Lumber,

Suitable for House Building;

Also a quantity of Stone & Bricks,

I am ready to enter into contracts for the above articles—a reasonable time may be allowed for preparing them; and cash shall be paid either in advance, or upon their delivery, as may be agreed on.—Apply to the Subscriber, House-Carpenter, Lombard-street, No 2.

John Crean.

December 10. dot.

STOLEN

Out of the subscriber's office *a large blue clothcloak*, half worn. The inside of the Collar is faced partly with scarlet velvet and partly with scarlet cloth, and it has a silver hook and chain as a fastening. A suitable reward will be paid for restoring it.

WILLIAM MEREDITH
No. 111 South 3d Street.

Dec. 16. diw

BY virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court, will be exposed to Sale, on the 26th current, at 9 o'clock, A. M. at the premises, a small frame House and Lot, situated on the corner of Spruce and Eighth streets, subject to an annual ground rent of fifteen pounds, late the property of Anthony Lebeck, deceased.

MARGARET LEBECK, *Administratrix.*

December 16. *3t

TO LET,

A Front Room, suitable for an Office or Counting house, with a large Cellar. Any person who may rent the above, may (if required) be accommodated with Board and Lodging in the same house. Enquire at no. 180, South Front, near Pine street.

December 13. 3awjw

For Savannah, in Georgia,

The Ship ARAB,
THOMAS DONOHUE, Master,
Ready to sail—Can accommodate a few passengers.

For Surinam and Curracoa,

THE BRIG
George Washington,
JOSH DEVEREUX
Master.

For Freight, or Passage, apply to
STEPHEN KINGSTON,
No. 46 Walnut, or 33 Dock-street,
Who has a few Boxes of

Bloom and Muscatel Raisins, and Gin in Pipes.

December 18. *2t

For Savannah,

(To sail on or before Sunday, the 24th inst. unless prevented by the ice)

The fast sailing Ship
Swift Packet,
Patrick Gribben, *Master.*

HAS excellent accommodations for passengers.

For Freight or passage, apply to
N. & J. Frazier,
no. 95, south Front street.

Who have for Sale, received by the said ship,
New RICE, in whole and half tierces.

December 16 diw

On THURSDAY next, the 10th inst.
At the Tontine Coffee-House in New-York,
Will be Sold without reserve, the

Ship SWIFT,

Burthen two hundred and ninety tons, a remarkable fast sailer, staunch built, and well found.

Inventory to be seen on board, at the Old Slip, or at no. 178, Pearl-street, New-York.

December 16 *d3t

For Amsterdam,

The Ship
FARMER,
JOHN M'COLLOM, Master;
WILL sail in a few days, the greater part of her cargo being ready. For freight of fifty tons of Coffee, or passage, apply to the master on board, at Walnut-street wharf, or to

JOHN SAVAGE.

Who is Landing, out of the said Ship, from Bourdeaux, and For Sale,

Claret in hhds.

White Wine in quarter casks
Claret in cases, of a superior quality
Fontiniac, Sauterne, Lunille, } Wines in cases
Prunes in boxes

november 24. 6

FOR LONDONDERRY,

THE BRIGANTINE
SUKEY,
WILLIAM WHITTEN, Master.

A strong good vessel, about two hundred tons, to sail with all convenient speed, a great part of her cargo engaged—now lying at Willing and Francis's wharf. For freight or passage, apply to the captain, or

JOHN SKYRIN,
Landenberger's wharf.

Who wants to Charter.

A VESSEL of about three hundred tons.

nov 18. §

For Sale or Charter,

The Snow
GOOD HOPE,

Will carry about 1200 barrels, and is ready to take in a cargo. For terms apply to

Pragers & Co.
No. 151, South Second-street.

Who have for sale—prime St. Croix Sugar and Rum, Madeira, Lisbon, and Teneriffe wine.

November 7. dtf.

For Liverpool,

The copper bottomed Ship
Hamburg Packet,
Captain SILAS SWAIN.

A Large proportion of her cargo being ready to go on board, is expected to sail on or about Sunday, the 3d of December.

For Freight or Passage, apply to the Captain on board, at Walnut-street Wharf, or to

PHILIP NICKLIN & Co.

november 22. §

For Savannah, in Georgia,

THE SHIP
Sally Butler,
Captain CHISHOLM,

A new vessel, with excellent accommodations for passengers—Sails on the 10th of December. For Freight or Passage, apply to ROSS & SIMSON.

Who have to dispose of,
A small invoice of GLAUBER SALTS
INDIGO, and a parcel of HOLLY WOOD.

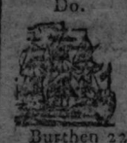
november 18. §

RUNDLE & LEECH,

Have just received, and have for Sale, at no 9, Walnut street,

Liverpool and St. Ubes SALT
Do. best house COALS
Queens' WARE in cases, assorted
Bourdeaux BRANDY of an excellent quality
Do. CLARET in cases, do.

THEY HAVE ALSO
For SALE or CHARTER,
THE SHIP
PEGGY,



Burthen 225 tons, in excellent condition, and may be sent to sea with little expence or delay.

LIKEWISE,
THE BRIG
WILLIAM,
Burthen 201 tons,

november 16. 6

For Charleston,

THE SHIP
VENUS,
Lying at the wharf of Messrs. Peratts

SHE will take Freight on very low terms, and sail the first opening.——Apply to the master on board, or to

Jos. Anthony & Co.

December 18 §

Fresh Raisins.

A Small cargo just arrived, and now landing at Chesnut street wharf, from the sloop Yarico, capt. Haskell, consisting of Kegs, Boxes and Jars. A few Jars of excellent Grapes, and sacks of soft shelled Almonds.——Apply to the Master on board, or to

Jos. Anthony & Co.

December 19 §tf

PHILIP NICKLIN & Co.

HAVE FOR SALE,
At their Stores on Walnut street Wharf,

Havannah Sugars, white and brown
25 hhds. Jamaica do.
3000 pieces of broad Nankeens
Imperial Tea, in quarters and eighths of chests
Quicksilver in tubs
Madeira Wine in pipes and hogsheads
Teneriffe Wine in pipes
Old red Port Wine in hogsheads
Sail Canvass, assorted, No. 1 to 8
8 cases of Manchester Goods, consisting of Dimities, Muslinets, Ginghams, Thicksetts, Corduroys, &c.
200 crates Queens' Ware, assorted
Nails, assorted
Black quart Bottles
Yellow Ocre in casks
A quantity of writing Slates, slate Ink Stands, &c.
100 quarter casks Gun Powder

They have also for SALE or CHARTER,
The ship MOLLY, burthen 340 tons, a good vessel, and completely fitted.
The brig AMAZON, burthen 130 tons, may be ready for sea in a few days.

The whole of the above vessels to be seen at Walnut street Wharf. § nov. 10.

FOR SALE,

BY THE SUBSCRIBERS, No. 21, Penn-street,
The Cargo of the Ship Ganges,
John Green, commander, from Bengal,
Consisting of

Baftas, of various qualities & prices

Cossaes	Punjum Cloths
Sanahs	Guzzy do.
Humhums	Charconna Dorea
Blue Cloth	Tanjibs
Chintz and Calicoes	Mulmuls
Mamoodys	Checks
Maharagonges	Patna Hhkfs.
Ginghams	Mulmul do.
Guzzenas	Bandannoes
Gurrahs	Sisserfoy
Piniascoes	Choppa Romals
Salgatchys	Sooty do.
Gillie Romals	Persians of various colours
Mock Pulicats	

200 tons SUGAR
90,000 lb. PEPPER.

Willings & Francis.

The Piece Goods

Of the Ganges are now open and exposed to sale at that commodious store the north west corner of Market and Fourth street. nov. 10.

FOR SALE—by the Subscribers,
An elegant assortment of Madrass HANDKERCHIEFS, by the bale.
WILLINGS & FRANCIS,
nov. 21. § Penn-street.

FOR SALE,

BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
Madeira Wine, first quality, in pipes
Madeira Wine, New-York quality, in pipes
Lisbon WINE, in pipes
CLOVES and NUTMEGS } of the latest importation, in boxes
Spanish Wool, in Bales, suitable for Hatters.

Willings & Francis,
Penn-street, No. 21.

Nov. 1. w&stf

Landing this day,

From on board the schooner Two Friends, Daniel Crawley, Master,

80 hhds. and 12 pipes } Jamaica RUM,

FOR SALE BY
George Latimer & Son.

november 9. §

James & Richard Smith,

TAKE the liberty of informing their friends and the public, that they have removed their store to No. 54, *South Front street*, next door to Edward Fox's Auction Room, where they have at this time for sale, a large and general assortment of

European & East India Goods,

Many of which are just imported in the Clothier, William Penn, &c. &c.

Oct. 27. §

NOW LANDING,

At South-street Wharf,
The Cargo of the Ship Concord,
Captain Thompson, from Batavia.

About 300 tons first quality Java Coffee (the whole having been selected)
80 tons Java Sugar, in canisters and bags
10 legures of old Arrack
Nutmegs, Mace and Cloves

FOR SALE BY
PETER BLIGHT.

Who also offers For Sale,
Just landed from ship Amity, from Jamaica.
209 hhds Jamaica Sugar, and
170 do. do. Rum.

november 23. d6w

Canal Lottery----No. II.

WILL commence drawing Monday, the 29th inst. Tickets for Sale in this Lottery, at *Seven Dollars*, at WM. BLACKBURN's Lottery and Brokers Office, No. 64, South Second-street—Tickets in the Schuylkill Bridge Lottery, at *Ten Dollars*, where check books are kept for registering and examining in these, the City of Washington, No. II. and Paterson Lotteries, and information where tickets may be had in most of the Lotteries authorised by law in any of the States of the Union.

N. B. The business of a BROKER, in buying and selling all kinds of Public Stock and Securities, discounting Bills and Notes of Hand, sale of Lands, Houses, &c. &c. will be duly attended to, by WM. BLACKBURN.

november 15. §

NOTICE.

To holders of JAMES GREENLEAF's and EDWARD FOX's Engagements

IN consequence of many having been prevented, from late unavoidable circumstances from obtaining their Certificates, agreeable to former notice. The Trustees now inform them, they are ready to issue the same to those who may apply within sixty days, at No. 8 Chesnut Street, and those who do not, will be considered as relinquishing their claim on the Aggregate Fund provided for their payment.

HENRY PRATT,
THOMAS W. FRANCIS,
JOHN MILLER, JUN.
JOHN ASHLEY,
JACOB BAKER.

December 15. d6ot

NOTICE.

THE Creditors of the Estate of *Walter Stewart* deceased, are requested to meet on Monday next at 6 o'clock in the evening at the City Tavern—The business upon which they are to deliberate being of great importance they are requested not to fail to give their attendance.

Dec. 15. 3t

WANTS A PLACE,

As coachman, a black Man, who can produce the best recommendations. Enquire of the printer. Dec. 16—d3t

LANDING,

From on board the ship Cleopatra, Samuel Newell, commander, from London,

60 tons of the best clean Russia HEMP
66 casks of bottled BROWN STOUT.

For Sale by the subscribers, No. 21, Penn-street.

Willings & Francis.

Oct. 31. d

Just arrived,

From Port-au-Prince, and, for Sale by the subscribers, No. 21, Penn-street,

612 hogsheads, 82 tierces, 523 barrels, 646 bags } Prime Coffee

Willings & Francis.

Oct. 28. §

FOR SALE, BY
Joseph Anthony & Co.

No. 5, Chesnut Street,

A cargo of choice Bourdeaux Brandy, 1st and 2d proof, just landed
250 bales of Bourbon cotton of a superior quality
9 do. Surat, do do
A quantity of heavy black pepper in bales
Bourbon Indigo of the first quality
High proof Jamaica spirits
Old London particular Madeira wine, do. market do } In pipes & qr. casks.
New England rum in hogsheads
Genuine Holland Gin in pipes
Claret in cases
Spermaceti candles and strain'd oil
Prime Boston beef
Choice Halifax Salmon in barrels and half barrels
Do. Herring in do do
Best Boston Mackarel in barrels of the fall fare.
New-England tow linen
A few tons of Russia cordage
Russia feather beds
Clover and Timothy seed in casks
Long whale-bone
No 1, 2, and 3, Boston sail duck
A few chests first quality Hyson tea
Carolina rice in whole and half tierces and
An invoice of Dutch hollow glass ware.

November 8. d2w.

New-Theatre,

December 11, 1797.

THE MANAGERS particularly request the concurrence of the public in the abolition of a custom, which has hitherto obtained, of giving away or disposing of RETURN CHECKS at the Theatre.

They are aware that gentlemen are unconscious of any wrong done to the interest of the institution by this practice, from a general, though mistaken idea that Checks are the representatives of a right to so many seats in the Theatre, during an Evening's Entertainment, and transferable at will; when in fact, they were never intended as more than *tokens* by which the Door-keepers are enabled to ascertain with the least trouble to the *parties*, that *they themselves* have been before in the Theatre, or paid for their admission.

Independent of the injury the Managers sustain, such a practice encourages a croud of idle boys and other disorderly persons to surround the doors of the Theatre, to the corruption of their morals and the great annoyance of the Audience.

It has also been the source of two evils of no inconsiderable magnitude; one is, that sometimes very improper company is by these means admitted; and the other, that owing to Checks passing into dishonest hands, they have been frequenaly counterfeited to a large amount for the purposes of Sale.

This statement will, it is respectfully hoped, induce the Public to discourage such a trafic; and the exertions of the Managers will, if thus assisted, easily prove adequate to its entire abolition.

WIGNELL & REINAGLE.

December 13 1w

James C. & Samuel W. Fisher,

AT THEIR STORE,
No. 13, corner of Arch and Front streets,
HAVE FOR SALE,

Cotton and worsted Hosiery in trunks, assorted
A few bales red, white, and yellow Flannels
Ditto sutty romall Handkerchiefs
Ditto Pullicat silk ditto
Ditto Pondicherry and Madrass ditto
Ditto Gurrahs
Bengal black Taffeties
4000 pieces Nankeens, and
Few chests best Hyson Tea

Also—1500 boxes best London Window Glass, from 8 by 6, to 19 by 14—and 15 hhds. Glass Ware, assorted, which they will dispose of cheaper than any in the city.

november 28. 3awtf

Alphabetical List of Duties,

Payable by law on all Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, imported into the United States—latest edition, to be sold by JOHN ORMROD, no. 41, Chesnut-street. Dec 16—d

TO BE SOLD,

Or Exchanged for Property in the Country,
That three story Brick House,

No. 157, north Third street. Apply at the office of this Gazette. nov. 29- w&s4w

Delaware and Schuylkill Canal.

AN adjourned meeting of the Stockholders of the Delaware and Schuylkill Canal, is to be held at their Office on Tuesday evening (19th of this instant December) at 6 o'clock, P. M. precisely, and punctual attendance is requested, on matters of the utmost importance, relating to certain propositions for the more expeditiously completing the work, and obtaining the aid of the Legislature and the Corporation of the City, for introducing a copious supply of water into the same.

WM. MOORE SMITH, *Sec'ry.*

December 14 dt19th

Insurance Company

OF THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

THE Stockholders are hereby notified, that an Election for thirteen Directors to serve for one year, will be held at the company's Office, on Monday, the eighth day of January next, at 11 o'clock.

SAM. W. FISHER, *Sec'ry.*

December 14 dt8thJ

A Fifty Dollar Bank Note,

Of the Bank of the United States, was lost on Saturday last, between the Bank of the United States and the Horse market—If an honest person has found it, and will leave it with the Printer hereof; they shall be handsomely rewarded.

December 11. eod3t

Bank of North America.

THE Stockholders are hereby notified, that an election for twelve Directors, for the ensuing year, will be held at the Bank on Monday, the 8th of January next, at ten o'clock.

RICHARD WELLS, *Cashier.*

December 11. dt8thJ

Delaware and Schuylkill Canal.

THE Stockholders are hereby notified, that the election for President and Managers, for the ensuing year, will be held at the company's office, on the first Monday in January next, at 100 o'clock, A. M.

WM. MOORE SMITH, *Sec'ry.*

December 11. mw&st1stmJ

Schuylkill and Susquehanna Canal.

THE Stockholders are hereby notified, that the election for President and Managers for the ensuing year, will be held at the company's office, on the first Monday in January next, at 10 o'clock, A. M. Dec. 11. mw&st1stmJ

JUST RECEIVED,
(via New-York)
AND NOW OPENING, BY
GEORGE DOBSON,

No. 25, south Third street,

An extensive and general assortment of HABERDASHERY, viz.

Best London mixt Pins	Galloons and Ferrets
Common do. do.	Worsted Bindings, assorted colours
Makenzie's super. patent white chapel Needles	Imperial, disper, and Thread Tapes
Nuns Thread no. 6 to 40, regularly assorted	White Edgings
Lisle do. no. 130 to 500, regularly assorted	Black and coloured Chinese Ribbands
Coloured do.	Sattin and figured do.
Black sewing Silks	Black Velvet, 1-4 to 12d
Coloured do. and Twist	Velvet & pelon Sattins
Silk and cotton Wires	French Cambrick
Do. do. Ribbands	Scotch do.
Shirt Moulds and Wires	Plain gilt and plated Buttons
Black brush Feathers	

And a compleat assortment of Goods, suitable to the present and approaching season, at reduced prices. Dec. 6. dtf

THE PARTNERSHIP OF
Richard & James Potter,

IS this day dissolved, by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the said firm, are requested to pay the same to either of the subscribers; and all persons having any demands against them, are requested to send their accounts for settlement.

Richard Potter,
James Potter.

December 9. §

The Subscriber intends to make

application for the renewal of a Certificate of a Share in the Bank of the United States, standing in the name of A. B. No. 5004, dated July 11, 1797, the same having been lost. JOHN GRAHAM.

Richmond, Dec. 1. §6w

ROSS & SIMSON,

HAVE FOR SALE,

A few bales Baftas, Cossas, and a quantity of Bengal COTTON
Bengal SUGAR, in bags and boxes
Jamaica, St. Vincents, and Bengal } RUM.
300 casks RICE, and
A parcel of ship building RED CEDAR.

Oct. 27. §

Chocolate and Mustard,

of a superior quality manufactured,

GINGER and Pepper, ground; shelled or pearl Barley; Philadelphia Porter, Beer, Ale and Cyder; Taunton and Burton Ale; London Porter; red. Port and Lisbon Wine, suitable for exportation or home consumption.

The highest price given for Mustard-Seed.

Also for sale, A quantity of Bocking and common Baizes, a variety of colors; a bale of Fustians, Shawls, &c, for sale by

JOHN HAWORTH,
No. 98, south Front-street.

nov. 27. m.&th.t.1J.

Imported (via New York) on the

ship Hero, from Madras and Calcutta, and for sale by the subscriber, at No. 61, Chesnut-street, between Second and Third Streets, the following articles.

Maharagonges	Charconna Dorens
Chintz and Calicoes	Dacca worked muslins
Gillis Romals	Bandannoes
Nillas & Pensasoes	Chassa Romals
Blue cloth	Hair ribbon
Mull Mull handkerchiefs	Palempores
Patna do.	Banares Opium
Lesser Cardimum Seeds.	

Samuel Wilcox.

november 27 tuths4w

FOR SALE,

A Team of five excellent Horses,

with a Waggon and Gears. The Horses are all young, strong, true to the draught, and capable of hauling as great a weight as most in the country. The Waggon and Gears are strong, and in good order. Apply to ROBERT GREEN, West Town, Chester county, or to

Thomas Fisher,
No. 142, S. Second Street, Philadelphia
11 mo. 2, eod3w.

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,

WEDNESDAY EVENING, *DECEMBER* 2.

From the Columbian Centine.

Mr. Russell,

If none better are offered, please to publish the following answers to PILATE's enquiries after "truth."

PAUL.

TO PILATE.

Question 1. "Why is it that *Deists sometimes become Christians?*"

Answer. Because *some Deists* enlightened and influenced by the divine spirit, perceive and embrace the *truth*.

Q. 2. "Why do the *latter* (*i. e. Christians*) *never* change sides?"

A. Because they do not choose to change *a good religion* for *none at all*, or *that* which yields them *comfort* and *hope*, for *that* which deprives them of both.

Q. 3. "Why is it that *trinitarians often* become *unitarians?*"

A. *All trinitarians* are *unitarians*—i. e. They believe there is but one God. *Unitarians*, therefore, is not a proper term of distinction. But to adapt the answer to your *meaning*—The reason why some trinitarians (or those who believe the doctrine of *Christ's divinity*) become unitarians;—viz. deny and reject the doctrine of *Christ's divinity*, may be, either because *such* trinitarians have never been settled and established in this branch of scriptural faith, and are, therefore, proper subjects to be borne about by every wind of doctrine; or, because they have proudly disdained to believe what they could not comprehend and explain; or because, like a great part of the world, they prefer *error* to *truth*, or for the same reason that our Lord assigns for men's *loving darkness rather than light*.

Q. 4. "Why do *these rarely* become *those?*"

viz. Why do *unitarians* rarely become *trinitarians?*

A. Because men who have imbibed so dangerous and inveterate an error as *unitarianism*, or the rejection of *Christ's divinity*, are seldom cured of it.

PAUL.

Extract from the speech of Charles Pinckney, Governor of the State of South-Carolina, to the Legislature of that state at the opening of their session on the 23d ult.

On the subject of our intercourse with foreign powers, it is my duty to acquaint you, that on the President of the United States being informed, the French republic had refused to receive our minister, and that their agents and cruisers continued to seize the vessels of our citizens, he considered it as his duty to call a special meeting of congress—that they did convene, and after having agreed in opinion with the president, that another attempt should be instituted to settle our differences, by negociation, had passed some acts: among the most important of which, are the acts for prohibiting for a limited time the exportation of arms and ammunition—for preventing the citizens the United States from privateering against nations in amity with us—providing for the further defence of the ports and harbours of the United States—authorising a detachment of the militia of the United States—for registering and enrolling ships and vessels—for making certain appropriations for additional expenditures, and laying duties on stamp vellum, parchment and paper.

On the laws for authorising the president to call out a certain proportion of the militia, I have acted as far as rested with me, by issuing the necessary orders to the adjutant general, for apportioning their quotas on the respective brigades, and ordering them to hold themselves in readiness to march at a moment's warning, and he has issued orders to the brigadiers for their returns to enable him to do so. Most of these acts have been passed by Congress with a view to place us in a state of preparation, should the republic of France still continue unfriendly, or refuse to assent to an amicable adjustment of our differences. I trust, however, that from the arrival of our envoys, and the manner in which our government have again attempted to adjust our differences, the moderation and justice of both nations will prevail—that they will repair recent injuries and recollect former mutual sufferings and services—that they will remember, it is always the true interest of republics to aid and protect each other, and that the present negociation may terminate in producing as harmonious a connection, as has hitherto existed between the two countries. Convinced as I am from the most deliberate reflection, that considering our original connection, and the nature and principles, as to commercial views of both governments, *while we can do it with honor*, it is our interest to be upon the most friendly terms with France, it has been with as much concern I have viewed our unhappy differences, as it is now with pleasure I find myself enabled to communicate to you the appointment, during your recess, of three gentlemen of known character and talents, to repair to Paris, invested with proper powers to terminate them. As I have already observed, the solemn manner in which this embassy was formed, is a proof how highly our government value the friendship, and how important they conceive the intercourse with France to be—and as there can be no doubt of our envoys being vested with ample powers, I have been led to expect the most favorable consequences. Should our differences with France be amicably settled, those with Spain, her ally, will of course be more easily accommodated.

It was my wish, and I had some ground to expect, it would have been in my power, at the opening of this session, to have congratulated you on the termination of differences among all the belligerent powers; and that to the unexampled horrors and distresses, produced by a contest, extending thro' almost every part of the civilized world, a period was to succeed, when liberty, with the genial arts of peace and commerce might establish her mild dominion—when from the wise and proper use of these advantages, you may have been enabled to recollect, without regret, that the sacred flame you first kindled had successfully extended through the fairest parts of the earth, and that we had repaid the benefits derived from the old world in their discovery and settlement of the new by an example, and by light and instruction upon questions of all others the most interesting to them. It is with the deepest concern, therefore, I am to announce to you, that the negociations for peace between the powers at war have ended without success; and that it is yet uncertain what will be the future situation of Europe, and of the nations with whom we are most connected. Impossible as it must be for us, at this time, and at this distance, to form an accurate opinion of the events which have produced these late and important changes—lamenting as we must do, the continuance of the war, and its attendant calamities, let us still hope they may soon see their true interest in the establishment of a general peace, and that the measures produced by our example, may be followed by the same moderation which accompanied our revolution—that they may really prove a blessing to the people who have imitated us—that when the heat, which must ever accompany the destruction of ancient despotisms, and the erection of republics, is subsided, the change shall operate so beneficially, as amply to repay the ravages of the contest, and that the time is not distant, when such proper and liberal systems, in the intercourse of nations shall be generally established, as will be the means of preventing wars, and ensuring to the world the blessings of peace, and an undisturbed and general commerce.

COMMERCE.

An exact list of the ships of different Nations that have passed the Sound in the Years 1790 and 1796.

The navigation of the Sound has been considered as an object of so much importance in a political light, that the following account of the Trade of two years, at a considerable distance from each other, must necessarily be received with interest and attention.

Ships that passed through the Sound.

	In 1790	In 1796
American,	44	169
Bremeners,	177	177
Courlanders,	22	10
Danish,	1559	2157
Dantzickers,	248	249
Dutch,	2009	1
English,	3718	4445
Flemings,	6	1
French,	132	0
Hamburghers,	104	40
Lubeckers,	89	70
Oldenburghers,	24	110
Papenburghers,*	0	232
Portuguese,	30	14
Prussian,	598	1773
Rostookers,	339	193
Russian,	6	7
Swedish,	420	2505
Spanish,	32	25
Venetian,	6	0
Total,	9734	12113

The foregoing list must give rise to important reflections and remarkable comparisons. The annual revenues arising from the toll levied upon vessels passing through the Sound, has been generally estimated at between 5 and 600,000 rix dollars: so that the Royal Treasury must have received nearly 150,000 rix dollars more in the year 1796 than in the year 1790. It does not belong to this place to enter into the causes of so extraordinary an encrease in the navigation of the Sound, which for the most part, depends upon political circumstances, upon encreasing speculations, and the spirit of commerce. It is sufficient to remark, that this navigation has encreased about a fourth in the interval of the time between the years 1790 and 1797. The subjects of one country (Denmark) must observe with the sentiments of patriotism and gratitude how much their trade has been promoted by the wise measures of their government, and what sources of prosperity have been opened to them. The encrease of Prussia and Sweden has been almost incredible, the trade of the former being encreased to nearly a triple, and the latter almost in a quintuple proportion.

Great Britain, whose navigation has encreased with the present war, is also a considerable gainer by the encrease of her trade to the East Sea. But the French Revolution, and the war which succeeded it, have produced the most melancholy consequences to the trade of France and Holland, and have been no less destructive to their Baltic trade than to their commerce in other parts of the world. France, whose merchantmen formerly passed the Sound in considerable numbers, cannot reckon a single ship in the year 1796; and Holland, that country so famous for its wealth, the commercial rival of Great-Britain, and which before the Revolution had drawn to itself a considerable part of the trade of the East Sea, saw that important branch of its commerce reduced in the last year to a single ship. The trade of the United States to the East Country appears to have received a considerable increase; but Hamburgh, whose trade according to the most general received opinion, has risen to an astonishing height in the course of the present war, has experienced a considerable diminution of its trade to the Sound. That of Bremen has also diminished; Lubec only has maintained its former proportion, though with some considerable decrease.

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* It may be necessary for the information of many readers, who may be unacquainted with this appellation, to state, that in the Danish shipping lists, all vessels clearing out from any of the commercial places from the Weser to the Ems are distinguished by the above description.

CONGRESS.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

TUESDAY—DECEMBER 19.

The Speaker informed the House that he had received a letter from the director of the mint, inclosing a report, in pursuance to the order of the house passed yesterday. This report states, that it is not deemed prudent to take into the mint more bullion than can be worked in one mass, when it comes from any of the banks of the city, from whence it can be had in a very short time when wanted; that deposits are now waiting till such as are in hand are finished; that it is expected the banks of this city and of New-York will make deposits for about 300,000 dollars, in French crowns, but that these deposits are kept back until prior ones are paid off; that when there is sufficient bullion in the mint to keep one press striking, this will be done at the rate of from 18 to 20,000 dollars weekly. The gold coin encreases in amount according to its additional value. It is stated that the gold bullion deposited in the mint, since the 29th November, 1796 (the time at which the last report was made) to the 18th instant, was 5997 oz. 15 dwts. 9 gr. value 106,626 dollars and 95 cents. The quantity of silver bullion deposited, during the same period, has been 42,151 oz. 8 gr. value 48,635 dollars 76 cents 5 mills. The quantity of silver coin issued since the last report is stated to have been 12,546 dollars, 3918 half-dollars, 252 quarter-dollars, 25,261 dismes, 44,527 half dismes—amounting in the whole to 19,320 dollars 45 cents. That there were nearly ready for delivery in the mint 34,000 dollars in silver coins. It is also stated that the quantity of gold coin issued, during the same period, has been 9177 eagles, 6406 half-eagles, 1756 qr. eagles; equal to the value of 128,190 dollars.

Mr. T. Claiborne moved the usual order for printing this report.

Mr. Nicholas had no objection to the report being printed; that it might be taken into consideration when the subject of the mint should come before the house; but hoped it would be suffered to lie on the table until the bill, with which some gentlemen had supposed it to be connected, should be passed, in order that it might be referred to whilst on the table by those who wished it, as he trusted they should not delay the consideration of the bill relative to foreign coin until this report should be printed.

Mr. Thatcher could not see the use of printing the report, after the subject to which it alluded was disposed of. This would be like executing a man and then trying him. The printing of these papers, he supposed, could not delay the business more than 24 hours, or 48 at most. He thought, therefore, it would be much better that they should be printed, than that the clerk should be frequently called upon to read them, or that the members should collect themselves in clubs, as on a former occasion (meaning, we suppose, on the Quakers' petition) to read them, in different parts of the house.

The motion for printing was put and carried.

Mr. Harrison presented a memorial from D.M. Randolph, marshall of the district of Virginia, complaining of the ruinous state of the prisons in that quarter; stating the utter impossibility of confining any person, under process of the courts of the United States, for debt, who wished to be at liberty, and that on account of this defect several persons had made their escape from him, and he was sued by their creditors for their debts. He prays relief in the premises, referred to a select committee of five.

Mr. Baird presented a petition from Simon Cogler, a soldier in the late war, praying for compensation for his services; and

Mr. Sewall one from G. Pomeroy, stating that he had not only lost his house and furniture, but several certificates of public debt, for which he prays recompense.

Both these petitions were referred to the committee of claims.

Mr. Harper, from the committee appointed to prepare and report a bill prescribing the mode of taking evidence in cases of contested elections, and to compel the attendance of witnesses, reported a bill accordingly, which was twice read, and committed for Monday.

Mr. D. Foster, from the committee of claims, made an unfavourable report on the petition of John Black, which was concurred in by the house.

Mr. Harper called for the order of the day on the report of the committee of ways and means, on the petition of William Tomlinson and others, citizens of the state of Virginia, which being agreed to, the house resolved itself into a committee of the whole accordingly.

The petition states, that in consequence of the construction put by the Treasury Department on the acts for laying duties on spirits distilled within the United States and on stills, persons desirous of obtaining licences for distilling, pursuant to the act of the 3d of March, 1797, on that subject, are required to make their election, as to the length of time to which the licence shall extend and the time of its commencement in the month of June, the time fixed by law for making entry of stills. From hence they alledge that great inconveniences result to the distiller; inasmuch as it impossible to foresee, so early as June, what quantity of fruit or grain, the year will afford, and, consequently, for the owners of stills to judge when, or for what length of time, they ought to take out their licences.

This construction, the committee find, has been adopted by the Treasury Department, and they conceive that it has been properly adopted; but though they conceive the construction put on the act, 1797, by the Treasury Department, to be strictly legal, they are nevertheless, of opinion, that for the reason set forth by the petitioners, it must, in its effect, prove highly inconvenient and detrimental both to individuals and the public. And they have the satisfaction to find, that the Secretary of the Treasury, with whom they thought proper to confer on the subject, agrees with them in opinion as to the expediency of altering the law so as to permit owners of stills, having duly entered them, to make their election both as to the time, and the extent of their licences at whatever period may suit them best.—In pursuance of these ideas, the committee beg leave to present, for the consideration of the House, the following resolution:

"*Resolved*, That it is expedient so to amend the several acts respecting duties on spirits distilled within the United States, and on stills, as to permit owners of stills, duly entered, to make their election, at any time of the year, both as to the time of taking out licences pursuant to the said acts, or any of them, and as to the period to which such licences shall extend—and that the committee have leave to bring in a bill accordingly."

Mr. Gallatin proposed an amendment to the report. Besides the duty paid on licences taken out for a shorter time than a year, there was a duty of 54 cents per gallon paid by those who choose to enter by the year. This duty was no other than a licence by the year, though not so called. The proposed resolution would not reach licences by the year, tho' he thought it ought, as persons taking out a licence for a year, were as much at a loss to know in the month of June, whether their crops would enable them to distil for so long a time as to make it their interest to do so, as those who took licences out for a shorter period. The consequence was, that, in the part of the country from whence he came, scarcely any person ventured to take out a licence for the year, but run the risk of taking out a licence for a shorter period. This was inconvenient, as it probably left their stills for several months unemployed, and had an effect to injure the revenue. He hoped therefore, the report would be extended to yearly licences, as well as to those for a shorter period.

Mr. Harper seconded this amendment.—He said it would have been introduced into the report if the committee had thought themselves at liberty to do so; but as the petition referred to them did not complain of this part of the act, they did not think themselves authorized to touch it.

The motion was agreed to, the committee rose, the house agreed to the amendment, and a bill was directed to be brought in accordingly.

Mr. Coit called for the order of the day on the report of the committee of claims, on the petition of Anna Welsh; which motion being agreed to, the house resolved itself into a committee of the whole on the subject.

The petitioner asks for an allowance of the seven years half-pay, promised to the widows and orphans of certain officers killed in the service of the United States, during the late war. It appears that Mrs. Welsh's husband was a captain of marines—that he served on the expedition to Penobscot, and was there slain; but the resolution of Congress, promising seven years half-pay to the officers who fell in service, did not extend to the widows of officers of the navy. The petitioner, as executrix of the last will and testament of her brother, George Hurlbut, deceased, further asks for an allowance of the commutation, and land warrants, to which she apprehends she is entitled, on the principle that her brother continued in service till the end of the war. That gentleman was a captain in Sheldon's regiment of light-dragoons: he was wounded by the enemy, in the performance of his duty, at Tarrytown, in the summer of 1781, and languished of his wounds until the 8th of May, 1783, when he died.—By the act of Congress of the 21st of October, 1780, half-pay for life was promised to the officers of the army, who should continue in the service *to the end of the war*. This was afterwards, on the 22d of March, 1789, commuted for five years full pay. If captain Hurlbut lived to the end of the war, he was entitled to commutation, and in his right the petitioner, as executrix of his will, and legatee, would be entitled, otherwise not. The question then arising is, when did the war end? or in other words, was there an end of the war before the 8th of May, 1783, the day of captain Hurlbut's death? On the solution of the question, rests the claim of the petitioner for commutation; it being placed on the ground of contract only. The provisional articles of peace between the United States and Great-Britain, were signed November 30, 1782, and the treaty between France and Great-Britain, on which the efficacy of those articles was conditioned, upon the 20th of January 1783. The first information Congress appear to have had of them, was on the 24th of March 1783, when the armed vessels, cruising under commissions from the United States, were recalled. On the 11th April 1783, a cessation of hostilities was ordered by proclamation of Congress. On the 23d of April, Congress, by their resolution of that date, declared their opinion, that "*the time of the men engaged to serve during the war, does not expire until the ratification of the definitive treaty of peace.*" By the acts of May 26, June 11, August 9, and September 26, 1783, Congress directed parts of the army to be furloughed, and by their proclamation on the 18th October in the same year, they discharged absolutely, after the 3d November, then ensuing, such part of the federal armies as had been furloughed by the several acts aforesaid. On the 25th November, New-York was evacuated by the British troops. The definitive treaty of peace was, in fact, signed on the 3d September, 1783, but not received by Congress till about the middle of January 1784. In the settlements made for pay, &c. by the commissioners of Congress, with the officers and men engaged to serve during the war, and furloughed as aforesaid, the 3d day of November, the day when the troops were discharged by proclamation, has been regarded as the end of the war, and they have been settled with, and paid to that day accordingly.

The committee state, that had they found no resolution of Congress, which seemed to have determined the question when the war ended, they might have been induced to fix on a period, antecedent to the death of captain Hurlbut, and consequently have been of opinion, that the petitioner was entitled to relief; but as Congress seem to have fixed on a later period, by their resolution of the 23d of April, and by continuing in service, the troops engaged to serve during the war, and paying the officers and men till the 3d of November 1783, as they were liable till that time, to be called into service, and in case of disobedience, would have been subjected to the penalties of the rules and articles of war; and as the House of Representatives, under the present government, rejected a petition for commutation, founded on principles, exactly similar with the present, by the administrator to the estate of Major Torrey, who died in September, 1783, the committee conceive they are not at liberty to contradict authority and precedent, so respectable—They therefore report, that the prayer of the petition of the said Anna Welsh, ought not to be granted.

Mr. D. Foster said the case was so fully stated in the report, that he believed it would be unnecessary to say any thing more than that Mrs. Welsh had obtained the land warrant to which she was entitled from the war-office.

This report was opposed by Messrs. Coit, Brookes and Dayton, who insisted upon the widow being entitled to her claim of commutation on account of the services of her brother, as the war must be considered as terminated, when the preliminaries of peace were signed, which was previous to his death, and if contrary decisions had been made, it was time they were reversed. In confirmation of what was asserted of the deserts of captain Hurlbut, a letter and certificate of General Washington were produced, which spoke of him in the highest possible terms.

The report was supported, on the ground of precedent, by Messrs. D. Foster, Macon, and Nicholas.

It was finally negatived, there being only 21 votes for it.

Mr. Coit then moved a resolution to the following effect which, after a few observations was agreed to.

"Resolved, that provision ought to be made by law for allowing to the legal representatives of George Hurlbut, a captain in the service of the United States, the commutation to which he is entitled."

The committee rose, and the house agreed to the resolution, and ordered a bill to be brought in accordingly.

Mr. T. Blount presented a petition from sundry inhabitants of North Carolina praying that a post road may be established from Washington to Woodstown. Referred to the committee already appointed on this subject.

Mr. Livingston presented the petition of William Dixon and Pierre Anpoix, merchants of New-York; the former praying for the reimbursement of duties which he had been obliged to pay on a vessel, considered as foreign, for want of a proper register; the latter to be allowed a debenture on a quantity of goods exported, the drawback on which had been withheld, on account of some informality in his entry. Both were referred to the committee of commerce and manufactures.

On motion of Mr. Pinckney, the house went into a committee of the whole, on the bill for the relief of North and Vesey of Charleston; when Mr. Coit moving to amend the bill, by leaving the allowance to be made to be ascertained by the proper officers, instead of saying what it should be; Mr. Swanwick called for the reading of the petition, as he believed there was annexed to it a certificate from the collector of the port of the quantity of sugar consumed; but the clerk not being able readily to find the petition, a motion was made for the committee to rise and report progress, which being agreed to, the committee had leave to sit again. Adjourned.

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

December 18.

A petition from a number of the citizens of Montgomery county, stating certain inconveniences from the present arrangement of election districts, and praying two new election districts may be laid out, was presented, read and referred to the members from Montgomery county.

A petition signed by a committee of the directors of the bank of Pennsylvania, praying that the cashier and his successor in office, may be appointed a notary public for the special business of the bank, was presented, read and referred to a committee.

A petition from Benjamin Chambers, praying that if Chambersburgh should be incorporated his property may not be included in the act of incorporation, was presented, read and referred to members from Franklin county.

Several other petitions were presented and read.

The committee on the petition from Berks county, praying an alteration in the sixth election district, made report in favor of the petitioners.

The house proceeded to the further consideration of the report of the committee on the governor's address.

That on the election laws was referred to a committee consisting of Messrs. Waln, Leib, Carpenter, Whitehill, Wells, Ireley, and Palmer.

That on the organization of the militia was referred to Messrs. Gurney, Worrell, Lewis, Rhea, and Marshall.

That on the expediency of a toll on the Conewego canal, was referred to Messrs. Kirk, Hopkins, W. Snyder, and Henderson.

That on the insolvent laws was referred to a committee already appointed.

That on the territorial controversy in Luzerne, was referred to Messrs. Forrest, Hemphill, Kelly, Weaver, S. Marclay, Hendricks, and Wallace.

That on the public buildings in Ninth street, was referred to a committee already appointed.

That on marriage and tavern licences was referred to Messrs. Bull, Power, Grofcup, Finley, and Kraus. Adjourned.

December 19.

Petitions from a number of the citizens of Montgomery county, praying a new election district may be allowed them, was presented, read and referred.

The committee on the petition of John Gibson praying permission to erect a dam across the river Youghiagenny reported in favo of the petitioner.

The house resolved itself into a committee of the whole on the answer to the governor's address, Mr. Ball in the chair—the answer as reported by the committee, was agreed upon without amendment.

The answer was taken up for a second reading in the house, and was adopted with the following addition which was moved by Dr. Leib.

"To establish our political institutions upon a genuine republican foundation, we heartily agree with you, was the great object of our revolutionary contest, and we also trust, that posterity will never behold the calamitous day, when, by insidious machinations, or by open force, so glorious a foundation shall be undermined or overthrown."

Adjourned.

Foreign Intelligence,

From the Hibernian Cronicle, dated Cork, October 12.

DUBLIN, October 9.

In consequence of a determination not to proceed on the long desired silver coinage, two-millions of gold seven shilling pieces are preparing at the Tower Mint for the better accommodation of the public.

The Government provision contracts having been all renewed, the slaughtering season is opened here, at a rate without comparse; cows of four hundred weight bringing the enormous price of 34 shillings in the hundred, and all other denominations in proportion!!!

On Tuesday 23,000 cannon balls, of 18 pounders, were sent to the fortified posts of the southern situations of this kingdom, with a number of bomb-shells. The cannon had been previously sent, besides a large quantity of the best gun-powder.

Tuesday Mr. Robinson, of Capel-street, cutler, and an apprentice of his named Collier, were apprehended and lodged in confinement, on a charge of attending illegal meetings, and administering treasonable oaths.

More families have left this country within the last three months than have been remembered within the same periods. The packets to Holyhead, Parkgate and Liverpool, have never had so many passengers. The state of the country had induced many timid persons to prefer the sister kingdom.—The loss of such characters would not in itself be a matter of much moment; but as every thing which tends to diminish the employ of the working community is a matter of serious concern, and as the consumption of manufactures is likely to be affected in a considerable degree, it is much to be regretted.

DIED.—Last week, in Kent-street London, a man of the name of Esterwood, who maintained himself for upwards of forty years by begging. On clearing his apartment of filth and old rags, property to the amount of 475l. in gold, silver, and halfpence, was discovered, sewed up in old cloaths, and in several crevices in the miserable apartment, and which was claimed by a relation in the neighbourhood, as heir at law, who never countenanced him in his life time: but, much to his disappointment the thrifty mendicant had made a Will in favour of a favorite woman who attended him all his illness.

October 10.

Last week, Lord Henry Fitzgerald presented to our gracious Sovereign at St. James's, the Petition of his suffering subjects in the county of Kildare.

There were upwards of Six Thousand signatures of respectable Landholders to the county of Kildare petition.

An express had been dispatched to Carrickfergus, as we ancipitated, containing an order for respiting execution for Mr Orr until Tuesday next.—*Press.*

The case of this unfortunate gentleman is peculiarly distressing. It is attended with circumstances which, in the minds of all candid persons, must be allowed to have great weight. No motive should ever induce us to interfere with Courts and Juries; but when repentant Jurors come forward to impeach and invalidate their own decision—and when the fate of a man, generally known and warmly esteemed in his own country, depends upon such decision, it is the duty of the press to throw every possible light on the affair.—*Ibid.*

It appears that four of the jurors have voluntarily come forward, and made solemn affidavits to this effect, after mature deliberation: That when they had retired to their room to deliberate upon the evidence given against Mr. Orr, liquor was introduced, and instead of weighing and comparing circumstances, they proceeded to drink, and to such a degree, that there was a general intoxication. In this state, one of the jurors used threats to intimidate the rest. He charged them with harbouring disloyal principles, and should they refuse to join him in bringing in a verdict, finding Mr. Orr *guilty*, he denounced vengeance against them. Under the intimidation thus produced in the room, the jury were led to assent to such verdict. But the four Jurors above mentioned, swear, that even the menaces made against their persons and dwellings would not have seduced them to so criminal an act, were it not for the liquor which they had taken; and from having been imposed on by a representation that Mr. Orr's life was in no danger, as their recommendation to mercy, accompanying their verdict, would infallibly procure him the clemency of Government. They further swear, that in their minds the case was *doubtful*, which they stated even in the verdict itself.—*Ibid.*

This is the substance of an affidavit duly made in open court by four of Mr. Orr's jurors. It requires no comment. But if further matter were wanting to induce the lord Lieutenant, who is bound to administer justice in mercy, to stay the arm of the executioner, it offers in the confession of Whitly, the principal evidence against him on the prosecution. This man has deposed on oath before a magistrate, that he felt great compunction of conscience, not only for this crime which he had committed against Mr. Orr, but for other crimes—and that what he had alledged against Mr. Orr was false.

RESPITE FOR MR. ORR.

Half past Two o'clock.

We stop the press to say, an express is this moment arrived, bringing a respite for three days (viz. to the 10th inst.) for Mr. Orr, in Carrickfergus gaol. We have good authority for saying, that intimation is to be given to the prisoner, that this respite is granted for the purpose of allowing the Lord Lieutenant to have an opportunity of seeing Baron Yelverton, who sat as judge on Orr's trial, but that he must not consider it as a certainty of an ultimate pardon.

500 GUINEAS REWARD.

Whereas informations have been given on oath, before Jasper Lucas, esq. one of his Majesty's justices of the peace for the city and county of the city of Cork, against Sir Henry Browne Hayes, and several others, who with force and arms feloniously stopped a carriage belonging to Cooper Penrose, esq. of Woodhill, between the hours of one and two o'clock, on the morning of Saturday the 22d of July inst. ordered the ladies out of the carriage, cut the traces thereof, and feloniously forced Miss Mary Pike, daughter of the late Samuel Pike, esq. of the city of Cork, Banker, from two other ladies that were with her, and put her into another carriage and drove off with her to the house of the said Sir H. Browne Hayes, at Vernon Mount, in the South Liberties of Cork and there detained her several hours, with an intent to force her to marry the said Sir Henry Browne Hayes.

Now, I Richard Pike, uncle to the said Mary Pike, and Executor to her Father, do hereby offer a reward of Five Hundred Guineas to any person or persons, that shall lodge the said Sir Henry Browne Hayes, within six calendar months, in any of his Majesty's goals in this kingdom, so that he may be brought to condign punishment for this so atrocious and henious offence; and I do hereby offer the sum of one hundred gunieas for each and every of his accomplices that shall be apprehended and lodged in like manner, so as they may be brought to condign punishment for the same. And in case any of the said accomplices of the said Sir Henry B. Hayes, shall turn approver, so as the said Sir Henry B. Hayes, and the other accomplices in said felony shall be convicted thereof, application shall be made to Government for his Majesty's pardon to such approver, who shall be entitled to the rewards aforesaid, to be paid at Pike's Bank, Cork.

The said Sir Henry Browne Hayes was lately a lieutenant in his majesty's regiment of militia, commanded by lord Doneraile, is straight made, rather fresh coloured, a little pock marked, and brown hair, with remarkable whiskers, about five feet seven inches high, and about forty years old.

N. B. It is not intended that the person who arrests and lodges in Gaol, the said Sir Henry Browne Hayes, shall be obliged to prosecute him in order to obtain the Reward.

RICHARD PIKE.

26th *July*, 1797.

[The Lord Lieutenant of Ireland has offered a reward of Two Hundred Pounds for apprehending Hayes.]

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,

WEDNESDAY EVENING, *DECEMBER* 20.

*** The Eastern Mail had not arrived when this Paper went to Press.

The following intelligence received from our obliging Correspondent at New York, was circulated in a Hand-bill last evening.

Extract of a letter from New-York, dated December 18.

The brig Dublin Packet, capt. Green, this morning arrived in 56 days from Liverpool, and brings papers to the 14th of October, from which we extract the following OFFICIAL news of the Defeat of the Dutch Fleet:

"*Off the Coast of Holland, Oct. 12th to the Leeward of the Texel.*

"At nine o'clock in the morning got sight of the fleet, and at half past 12, Admiral Duncan passed through the line of the Dutch fleet, and the action commenced which was very severe. The Admirals ship was dismasted and struck, as did several others, one of which took fire.

"The Dutch fleet consists of three ships of 76 guns, 8 of 64 to 68, four ships of 54 to 58 guns, one do. of 48.

"The British fleet consists of 8 ships of 74 guns, 8 of 64, 2 of 50, 1 of 38, 1 of 32 and 1 of 24.

"Nine of the Dutch fleet (heavy ships) were taken, 2 of which were flag ships."

The above is the principal article. In consequence of the above there had been much rejoicing and illuminations in London and principal towns in England.

A letter from New-York says that letters are received by a respectable merchant of New-York, from St. Thomas's, of the 23d ult. stating that "the French have got orders to capture all American vessels they can find, without distinction."

MARRIED,— On Saturday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Abercrombie, SAMUEL BARTELSON to Miss AMELIA ASHMEAD, daughter of Mr. Jacob Ashmead of this city.

From A Paris Prper

The day before yesterday, there was a public distribution of premiums at the ci-devant college of Louis le Grand, *and establishment instituted by the Legislative Body, for the education of the children of patriots ruined by the Revolution, Citizen Champagne. Director of the College, made a speech suitable to the occasion, which was answered by* Francois, Neufchateau, *Minister of the Interior. Premiums were distributed for Mathematics, Natural History, Latin and French Translations, Drawing, &c. The spectators appeared astonished at the surprising progress made by the young students, and showed marks of the tenderest sensibility on hearing the names of the sons of several illustrious victims of Robespierr's tyranny.—Tears gushed from the minister's eyes, when he crowned the son of the unfortunate and courageous Phillipeaux, his intimate ner to the professors, and such of the students, as had distinguished themselves, at which he appeared like a tender farther surrounded by his friends and his children.*

GAZETTE MARINE LIST.

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA.

ARRIVED

Schooner Patriot, Hammet Gonaives

Capt. Hammet sailed in company with the brig Currier, Wilson of and for this port. Left at Gonaives the schooner Maria, Tate, of this port, to sail in 6 days.

Capt. Lelar, from Amsterdam, spoke, the 28th Nov. lat. 38, long. 68. the ship Patty, Hopkins, out 3 days from New-York to Bristol. Dec. 4. lat. 36. 50. long 66, spoke the ship Alknomac, out 5 days from Georgetown to Rotterdam, all well.

The ship Roba and Betsey, Nimmo, Columbia, Lelar, and brig Cincinnatus, Bayley. are at the fort.

The ship Liberty, Bray, for Londonderry, left Marcus Hook yesterday.

Baltimore, Dec, 18.

Arrived on Friday, schooner Lark capt. Boyd, 25 days from Arquin. Captain Boyd, left at Arquin schooners Zephyr and America, of Baltimore.

Arrived on Saturday

Ship Lydia. captain Todd, 14 days from Charleston

A captain of this port, in 26 days from Arquin informs that a proclamation had been received at that place, prohibiting the condemnation of neutral property. not contraband, bound to a British island, but the privateers were ordered to bring them into French ports, where they would be obliged to sell their cargoes at the market prices.— Property found going or coming from ports originally French, but now in possession of the British, will as usual, be captured and condemned. The above mentioned captain was overhauled by the Ratler, sloop of war, his letters examined, and after they were returned to him he missed a letter from Mr. Yates, directed to James M'Henry, Esq. which was supposed to contain the above mentioned proclamation.

Captain Culhman of the brig Sally, of this port, from Jacmel, was left clear of the Keys, bound home. He is expected up this day, and by him it is probable that the intelligence will be confirmed.

LONDON, Sep. 22.

On Friday last a new Synagogue was consecrated in Denmark-court, by the Rev. Isaac Levy. The following is a short sketch of the ceremony. The Books of the Law were brought from the Vestry room into the Synagogue, the bearers passing under a canopy supported by four men; on their entrance the Reader said, "Blessed be they who come in the name of the Lord.'—They were then put into the Ark, and carried seven times round the Altar, Psalms being at the same time sung by the Reader, the 81st, 26th, 74th, 122d, 132d, and 100th. The Books of the Law were again depositied in the Ark, when the Reader sung a Poem, the same as that sung at the Dedication of the House of David. At the conclusion of this, three of the Books were taken out of the Ark, one of which was given to the principal Reader, who ascended the Altar, supported by a Reader on each side, with books in their arms, singing a Hymn in compliment to the Royal Family, to the tune of "God save the King," accompanied by a band of music. The three books being again put into the Ark, the Reader sung a Psalm, and the whole concluded with the grand chorus of *Hallelujah*. The music, which is exceedingly fine, is the composition of the Rev. Isaac Levy, and not of Handel, as has been stated in some of the papers. The donations received on the occasion, which are to be applied towards defraying the expences of the Synagogue, were liberal, amounting to near 500l.

Places of Worship in London and Westminster.

1	St. Paul's Cathedral
1	Westminster Abbey
114	Parish Churches
130	Chapels.
246	Of the Established Religion.
82	Chapels for Non-conformists and Presbyterians of different denominations
56	Independents, of different denominations
23	Anabaptists
32	Quakers
6	Nonjurors, or persons who hold allegiance to the Stuart family
4	Muggletonians
4	Roman Catholics
207	Meeting-Houses of Scotch and English Dissenters.
8	French Protestants
8	German Lutherians
6	Dutch
3	Swedish
4	Danish
4	Helvetic
6	Roman Catholics
4	Russian
6	Jewish
49	Places of Worship for Foreigners.

750,000 pounds sterling are annually expended in Charity in the City, by legal assessments and voluntary contributions.

264 Public Charitable Institutions and Buildings.

750,000 sterling per annum, given by the Public Companies of London.

MARCH, 1797.

French Emigrants in England.

Clergy supported by the British government,	5000
Laymen, with women and children,	2950
Clergy living on their own property and industry,	500
Lay People, do.	3000
In the Island of Jersey,	700
	12,150

AFFAIRS OF ITALY.

The following abstract of the speech made by Jean Debrie, in vindication of the conduct of the French government with respect to Venice and Genoa, in the council of five hundred on the 12th inst. is taken from the Republican Francais:

"One of the conspirators, whose perfidy you have punished (Dumolard), uttered, in this tribune, a proposition tending to engender trouble and disquiet in our armies, when, on the subject of the massacres committed on the French sick at Verona, and several other cities of Italy, he insinuated that the directory or general in chief had gone beyond their powers in taking exemplary vengeance of the Venetian government. Such conduct, said he, is contrary to the law of nations, and calculated to diminish the dignity of the French people. He concluded with obtaining the appointment of a special committee to make a report on this subject

"The 528th article of the constitution states, that "in the case of hostilities impending or already commenced, menaces or preparations of war, against the French republic, the executive directory ought to employ, in defence of the state, the means placed at its disposal to secure the public tranquility, provided that due information be communicated to the legislative body."

"But it is sufficient to read the manifesto of general Buonaparte, to be convinced that the directory was justifiable in its conduct towards Venice.

"The partizans of despotism employed themselves in calumniating the French, in treating them as jacobins, terrorists and regicides; they irritated the people against the French government; and the Venetians were in consequence, seen to assassinate our generous soldiers, to poignard them publicly, and heard to ring, a second time, the *Sicilian vespers* for the destruction of our armies. They united cowardice to ferocity, and availed themselves, in their attack, of the moment when it was reported that the French fled before the Archduke.

"Buonarparte soon after repelled the aggression, and triumphed. His enemies became supplaints; a negociation was entered on, and surely the right of war permits to impose laws on the vanquished. With regard to Genoa, the multiplied acts which have embroiled it in war with us, have been already published. Genoa, oftener than once, displayed its favour for England; and one of our frigates was assaulted by the Genoese in their very ports.

"But, besides, does it become us to reproach nations with shaking off their chains? On this principle we should accuse the French for having annihilated the throne on the 10th of August. Did not the numerous victories which have signalized the war of liberty, hold forth grand examples to more than one people? And was not the admiration excited by the exploits of French republicans, capable of rousing more than one neighboring nation to imitate us?

"The chief ruin of Venice was its despotic aristocracy, its crooked policy, its secret ambition, and punic faith. It is not, therefore, the conduct alone of Venice with respect to us, but also the radical vice of its Oligarchic government, which operated the destruction of that State. Nor are there, probably, any but the most infamously perfidious, who would consider the French government as criminal in having repelled violence by force, and in having punished assassins.

"The excesses of demagogues have been every where repressed in Italy by the French government: every where the liberty of worship has been respected; but were the directory to neglect the means of securing to the republic the fruits of her victories?

"Let us always act in such a manner that other governments may dread to go to war with us, and wish to preserve peace.

"I return thanks, in the name of the peace which the defenders of liberty have conquered for us—I return thanks to the French government, for having made so good a use of its triumphs. A conqueror formerly abolished human sacrifices among the Gauls: our generals and soldiers have imitated this excellent example, by destroying the monster feudality in the countries which they might have governed by the right of conquest. I move that the committee appointed on the 5th of Messidor on the motion of Dumolard, be immediately dissolved.

The motion was agreed to unanimously, and the speech of Jean Debrie was ordered to be printed.

WASHINGTON LOTTERY, No. II.

LIST OF PRIZES AND BLANKS.

132d day's Drawing—Oct. 7.

No.	Dols.	No.	Dols.	No.	Dols.	No.	Dols.
223	x	11103		25636		36785	
233	x	350	x	750		37263	
338	x	568		777		678	
787		12132	x	26577	x	680	
1047		13831		27444	25	707	20
174	x	838		586		38654	
566		857	x	927	x	39371	x
765	25	977	x	28640		40263	
845		14454		726	x	610	
2024		15315	x	853	x	736	
120	x	898	x	29000		776	
929		16049		921		41078	
3020	x	417		30602		096	
942		716		414		134	
422	x	946	25	473		42196	
449	x	18312		579	x	43947	x
674		472		602		959	
688		478		685		965	x
725		960	100	31376	x	44852	
879		19167	x	779		45672	
4329		454	x	807		46595	
500		558	25	897	x	766	x
5089		872		984		809	
118		21896		32330	x	47263	
239	x	22109		450	x	323	
966	x	167	x	580		590	
6055		433		33096		784	
393		486		425		990	20
575	x	789		437		48015	
7561		23003		468	x	656	
734		325		689	x	620	
830		360		702		632	
909		641		34180		733	x
989		24329		497		49377	x
8362		651	x	35161	x	725	20
9579		25297		256	x	884	x
10210		342		381	x		
330		572		36069	x		

A Bank Note Found.

The owner may hear where it may be received, by applying at this office, and paying for the advertisement.

December 20.

NEW THEATRE.

THIS EVENING,

DECEMBER 20,

Will be presented a COMEDY, called the

COUNTRY GIRL,

To which will be added a farce in two acts called the

IRISHMAN IN LONDON,

In which Mr. Hardinge will make his first appearance on this stage.

On Friday, the favorite Comedy of *Every one has his Fault*—in which Mrs. and Miss Hardinge will make their first appearance—with *Three weeks after Marriage*.

On Saturday, *The Mountaineers*, with Entertainments.

Box, one Dollar; Pit, three quarters of a Dollar; and Gallery, half a Dollar.

☞ The doors of the Theatre will open at five, and the curtain rise precisely at six o'clock.

Places for the Boxes to be taken at the Office in the front of the Theatre, from 10 till 2 o'clock, and from 10 till 4 on the days of performance.

Tickets to be had at H. and RICE's book-store, No. 50 Market-street, and at the Office adjoining the Theare. *VIVAT RESPUBLICA!*

Wanted to Charter,

A British vessel, fifteen hundred to two thousand five hundred barrels burthen.

Apply to

Peter Blight,

WHO HAS FOR SALE,

Choice Red Port Wine in pipes and hogsheads, and old London Particular Madeira, fit for immediate use, in pipes.

December 20. §1w

FOR SALE, AT

WM. YOUNG'S *Book Store,*

No. 52. Second street, the corner of Chesnut street,

REPORT of the Committee of the House of Representatives of the United States, appointed to prepare and report Articles of Impeachment against WILLIAM BLOUNT, a Senator of the United States, impeached of high crimes and misdemeanors, made in pursuance of a resolution of the House of Representatives, authorizing the said Committee to sit during the recess of Congress, and instructing them "to enquire, and, by all lawful "means, to discover the whole nature and extent "of the offence whereof the said William Blount "stands impeached, and who are the parties and "associates therein"

Printed by order of the House of Representatives.

December 20.

MRS. GRATTAN,

RESPECTFULLY informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of the city, that her first CONCERT of Vocal Music will be on Thursday next, the 21st of December, inst. at Mr. RICHARDET'S.

ACT I.

Quartette,	Pleyel
Song—Angels ever bright,	Handel
Glee—Messrs. Carr, Darley, jun. and Hill,	The Mariners
Song—Mr. Carr	
Duett—Mrs. Grattan and Mr. Carr,	Passeillo
Song—Mr. Darley, jun,	
Scotch Glee—Mrs. Grattan, Messrs, Carr, Darley, Hill.	

ACT. II.

Concerto Piano Forte, (by a young lady)	Viotti
Song—Mrs. Grattan,	Sacchini
Glee—Messrs. Carr, Darley and Hill,	Jackson
Duett—Mrs. Grattan and Mr. Carr,	Time has not thin'd
Song—Mr. Darley, jun.	
Quartette—Mrs. Grattan, Messrs. Carr, Darley and Hill.	

Six dollars each subscriber for one ticket of admittance during the season.

No subscribers ticket transferable, but any subscriber on paying his subscription, will have a right to demand tickets for the unmarried part of his family, which ticket will admit them every night during the season, but are not transferable.

The Concert to begin at half past six and the music to attend for the Ball at eight, the expence of which Mrs. Grattan engages to discharge.

Non-subscribers ticket—2 dollars.

Subscriptions received and tickets delivered by Mrs. Grattan's clerk, at No. 192, High-street.

Non-subscribers tickets to be had the day of the Concert at the Bar at Mr. Richardet's.

☞ Mrs. GRATTAN finding that the plan of her Concert is misconceiv'd, respectfully informs the public that it is the same as the City Assembly.

December 15 dtf21

CLERKSHIP.

A YOUNG MAN, who could bring indisputable recommendations, is desirous to be employed in the capacity of copying Clerk, at a public office—He would engage on moderate terms.—For further particulars enquire at the office of the Gazette. § Dec 19

Pennsylvania Population Company.

THE Shareholders are hereby notified, that an Election of Officers for the ensuing year, will be held at the Company's office, no. 53, north Fourth street, on Wednesday, the 10th day of January next, at 12 o'clock.

By order of the Board,

SOL. MARACHE, *Sec'ry.*

December 16 eodt10thJ

Philadelphia and Lancaster Turnpike Company.

THE Stockholders are hereby notified, that the annual Election for Officers for the ensuing year, will be held at the Company's Office in Philadelphia, on the second Monday in January next, at 10 o'clock, A. M. WM. GOVETT, Sec'ry.

December 7. tats m&swt7J

Insurance Company of North America.

A Meeting of the Stockholders is to be held, agreeably to adjournment, at the Company's office, on the first Monday in January next, at 11 o'clock, A. M. EBEN. HAZARD, Sec'ry.

December 14. th&mtf1J

Insurance Company of North America.

THE Stockholders are hereby informed, that a stated meeting of the Company will be held at their office on the ninth day of January next (being the second Tuesday in the month) for the Election of twenty-five Directors for the ensuing year.

EBEN. HAZARD, Sec'ry.

December 14. th&mt9thJ

French Circulating Library.

JOSEPH E. G. M. De La GRANGE,

No. 110 Walnut-street,

INFORMS those who wish to recur to the only means of becoming perfect in the French Language, that he has just opened his LIBRARY, consisting of upwards of 1250 volumes, the best calculated to afford either useful instruction, or pleasure. The conditions, together with a catalogue of the Library, may be seen at every book-seller's in town.

N. B. All translations from and into the French, English and Spanish Languages, executed with accuracy and dispatch. co1m nov. 15.

FOR SALE,

By the SUBSCRIBER, at his Store, No. 75, South Water-ſtreet,

A general aſſortment of China Ware

Black and coloured Sattins
Do. do. Luteſtrings
Do. do. Handkerchiefs
Do. do. ſewing Silks
Imperial and Hyſon Teas
Long and ſhort Naxkeens
Quick Silver, in tubs
Holland Gin, in pipes
Aſſorted Glaſs Ware, in caſes
White and brown Havanna Sugars, in boxes
Moloſſes, in hogſheads
St. Croix Rum and Sugar, in do.
London particular Madeira Wine
Sherry and Malaga Wines, in quarter caſks
Red, yellow and pale Barks, in cheſts
Logwood, &c. &c.

nov 7.—tu&f4w JOSEPH SIMS.

For Sale, by the Package,

For caſh, or good notes at ſixty or ninety days, viz.

Book and Jaconet Muſlins plain ſtripes, and Checks
do. do. Tamboured
do. Ladies handkerchiefs, & gentlemen's neck do.
} Aſſorted in packages.

Jaconet chintz muſlin for home and the Weſt India market; Pulicote and linen handkerchiefs, for do. do printed do. do. common purple and chintz ſhawls.

The above goods entitled to drawback on exportation. Alſo a few ſcotch cambricks and an aſſortment of muſlin by the piece.

The whole of the above being a conſignment from the manufacturers in Britain.

To be ſeen at WILLIAM BLACKBURN's Office, No. 64, South Second Street.

Nov. 6. 2awtf.

Imported in the ſhip MANCHESTER,

BENJAMIN SHEWELL, Maſter,
From Bourdeaux, and for ſale by the ſubſcriber, No. 11 Walnut Street.

Bourdeaux Brandy
Iriſh market claret in caſes
Medoc wine, in do.
Sauterne, do. do.
} Entitled to Drawback.

Thomas Murgatroyd.

WHO HAS FOR SALE.

Sherry Wine in pipes and quarter caſks
Rota do. do.
Pimento in bags
4000 buſhels Liverpool ſalt.

Aug. 24. tut&stf.

Landing,

From on board the ſhip Edward, at Walnut-ſtreet Wharf,

London particular Madeira Wine,

of a ſuperior quality, For Sale by the ſubſcriber.

Robert Andrews.

november 2. eotf

Samuel & Miers Fiſher,

ARE NOW OPENING,

At their Warehouſe, No. 27, Dock Street, a freſh aſſortment of Woolen and other goods, ſuitable to the ſeaſon, received by the late arrivals from England.

They have alſo for Sale,

Liſbon
Teneriffe
Sherry, and
Port Wines,
} In pipes, hhds. and quarter caſks.

Aſſorted queen's ware in crates, &c.

10th mo. 23d. d1w3taw3w.

FOR SALE,

By BENJAMIN CLARK,

No. 55, the corner of Cheſnut and Front ſtreets,

A large quantity of Clocks and Watches. *Alſo*, a general aſſortment of Tools, Files and Materials, conſiſting of Clock Movements, eight day and thirty hour braſs pinions and forge work; Bells, clock and watch Dials, Springs, Hands, Glaſſes, Pumice Stone, Emery, Rotten Stone, Cat Gut; bench, ſtand and tail Vices; Turns, Pliers, Chains, Seals, Keys, &c. &c.

*** Apprentices Wanted.

november 3. f&tutf

Yellow Fever and Peſtilential Diſeaſes.

THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED, in one vol. octavo.

By WILLIAM YOUNG, *Bookſeller*,
No. 52, Second ſtreet, the corner of Cheſnut ſtreet,
(Price, in boards, 87 1 2 Cents)

Neatly printed on fine American wove medium Paper,

A VIEW

Of the Science of LIFE;

On the principles eſtabliſhed in the elements of Medicine, of the late celebrated

JOHN BROWN, M. D.

With an attempt to correct ſome important errors of that work, and caſes in illuſtration, chiefly ſelected from the records of their practice, at the General Hoſpital at Calcutta,

By WILLIAM YATES & CHAS. MACLEAN.

To which is ſubjoined, a Treatiſe on the action of Mercury upon living bodies, and its application for the cure of diſeaſes of indirect debility And a diſſertation on the ſources of Epidemic and Peſtilential diſeaſes; in which is attempted to prove by a numerous induction of facts, that they never ariſe from contagion, but are always produced by certain ſtates, or certain viciſſitudes of the atmoſphere, by CHARLES MACLEAN, of Calcutta.

nov. 21. §12t

School Books and Stationary.

W. YOUNG,

No. 52, Second-ſtreet, corner of Cheſnut-ſtreet, HAS now ready for ſale, a very large aſſortment of *Engliſh, French, Latin and Greek* SCHOOL BOOKS. *Alſo*, ſuch elementary books on Science, as are generally read in the academies and colleges throughout the United States.

LATELY PUBLISHED,

Sheridan's Dictionary, the ſixth edition, in one large vol. 8vo price 3 dols.

Ditto, large 12mo price 1 dol. 75 cts.

Ditto, common, price 1 dol. 50 cts.

All ſorts of drawing, packing, printing, and writing Paper; Bookbinder's Boards, Paſteboards, ſheathing and blotting Papers; printed Blanks, blank Books, Wax, Wafers, and other articles, of the beſt quality, uſed in the counting houſe, or public office.

☞ Catalogues of a miſcellaneous collection of BOOKS, with the price of each affixed, to be had by inquiring as above. Oct. 24.—3aw6w

A perſon well acquainted with

the theory and practice of book-keeping, who has been many years engaged in buſineſs for himſelf and others, would be glad to be employed, either as an agent or factor; or in poſting books; ſtating unſettled accounts; or in executing any other kind of writing, in French or Engliſh.

A note addreſſed to J. A. and left at this office, will be punctually attended to.

november 30. 3awtf

NOTICE.

ALL perſons concerned are hereby notified, that the ſubſcriber intends to apply for a renewal of the undermentioned loſt certificates of Stock in the Bank of the United States—He forwarded them under cover of a letter addreſſed to John Anſley, of London, by the ſhip Bacchus, capt. George, which left this port in June laſt for London. But that ſhip having been captured on her paſſage and ſent to France, the above letter and incloſures have failed in their deſtination.

Three certificates, viz.

Nos. 26325, 26326, 26327, each for four ſhares, dated January 1ſt, 1797, and iſſued in the name of Henry Grace, of Tottenham Highcroſs, Great Britain.

ZACCHEUS COLLINS.

Philadelphia, november 8. 2aw6w

NOTICE.

THE Stockholders of the Bank of the United States, are informed that according to the ſtatute of Incorporation a general Election for twenty five Directors will be held at the Bank of the United States in the City of Philadelphia, on Monday the firſt day of January next at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

And purſuant to the Eleventh ſection of the Bye Laws the Stockholders of the ſaid Bank are hereby notified to aſſemble in general Meeting at the ſame place on Tueſday the ſecond day of January next at five o'clock in the Evening.

By order of the Board of directors,

G. SIMPSON, Caſhier.

Second fundamental Article.

Not more than three fourths of the Directors in office, excluſive of the Preſident, ſhall be eligible for the next ſucceeding year, but the Director who ſhall be Preſident at the time of an Election may always be re-elected.

Philadelphia, nov. 18. 1797. ſtf

Engliſh Grammar,

The ſecond edition, with improvements,

ADAPTED to the different claſſes of learners; with an appendix, containing rules and obſervations for aſſiſting the more advanced ſtudents to write with perſpicuity and accuracy,

By LINDLEY MURRAY.

"This is a publication of much merit, and fully anſwers the profeſſions in the Title. The appendix contains ſome of the beſt rules for writing elegantly, and with propriety, that we recollect to have ſeen."

Monthly Review, July 1796.

"This Grammar is, on many accounts entitled to commendatory notice, its materials have been carefully and judiciouſly ſelected; its arrangement is diſtinct and well adapted to the purpoſe of inſtruction and its expreſſion is ſimple, perſpicuous and accurate, &c."

See the character at large in the Analytical Review, July 1796

Engliſh Exerciſes,

Adapted to the Grammar lately publiſhed by Lindley Murray, conſiſting of exemplification of the parts of ſpeech, inſtances of falſe orthography, violations of the rules of ſyntax, defects in punctuation, and violations of the rules reſpecting perſpicuity and accuracy, deſigned for the benefit of private learners, as well as for the uſe of ſchools.

"We have been much pleaſed with the peruſal of theſe Exerciſes. They occupy with diſtinguiſhed excellence a moſt important place in the ſcience of the Engliſh language; and as ſuch, we can warmly recommend them to the Teachers of Schools, as well as to all thoſe who are deſirous of attaining correctneſs and preciſion in their native tongue."

Monthly Review, July 1797.

The above Books are for ſale at JOSEPH & JAMES CRUKSHANKS book ſtore, No. 87, Market ſtreet.

December 1. 3taw2w.

COLUMBIA HOUSE

Boarding School for young Ladies.

MRS. GROOMBRIDGE with much pleaſure and reſpect, returns her ſincere acknowledgement for the liberal encouragement ſhe has received during four years reſidence in Philadelphia; and aſſures her friends and the public, ſo far from intending to decline her ſchool, ſhe has made a ſuperior arrangement for the more convenient accommodation of her ſcholars.—Every branch of uſeful and polite education is particularly attended to by Mrs. Groombridge and maſters excelling in their reſpective profeſſions.

Corner of Spruce and Eleventh Streets.

June 5th, 1797. §1mſtf

The ſituation is perfectly healthy; and made more agreeable by an extenſive garden and lot of ground adjoining the houſe.

For Sale,

That well known place, called VANDEGRIFT'S FERRY,

ON Neſhaminy creek, 18 miles from Philadelphia, on the New York poſt road, containing 74 acres and 94 perches. Upon the premiſes are a large two ſtory ſtone houſe occupied as a tvern, and a good one ſtory ſtone kitchen, a large frame ſtable with a good threſhing floor, and ſome out buildings—alſo a well of good water, and an excellent ice Houſe. On this place is a moſt elegant ſituation for a gentleman's ſeat, commanding a view of the Neſhaminy to its junction with the Delaware, and thence acroſs to the Jerſey ſhore. It has the privilege of one half the toll received from the bridge.

For terms apply to the Subſcriber,

MORDECAI LEWIS.

May 24. 4tawtf.

For ſale or to be let on ground-rent,

An valuable Lot of Ground;

SITUATE on the north-eaſt corner of Walnut and Fifth ſtreets, fronting the State-Houſe ſquare. This lot is fifty-one feet front on Walnut ſtreet, and one hundred and thirteen feet and an half on Fifth ſtreet; there are at preſent two ſmall two ſtory brick houſes, and a number of ſmall tenements thereon.

Alſo, for Sale,

Two three ſtory Brick Houſes

With convenient ſtores, wharf, &c. ſituate on Water-ſtreet, between Mulberry and Saſſafras ſtreets, containing in front on Water ſtreet fifty-four feet, and continuing that breadth eaſtward ninety-five feet, then widening to the ſouth thirteen feet ſix inches. Theſe houſes have the convenience of a public alley adjoining on the north ſide, and are a very deſirable ſituation for a merchant, flour factor, or others who may have occaſion for ſtorage of goods. This property will be ſold on very reaſonable terms for caſh. For further information apply to the printer.

July 31. m&wtf

The Hiſtory of Pennſylvania,

By ROBERT PROUD,

IS now in the preſs, and will be publiſhed, with all convenient expedition, by ZECHARIAH POULSON, jun. No. 80, Cheſnut-ſtreet, Philadelphia, where ſubſcriptions will continue to be received, and at the Philadelphia Library, according to the printed propoſals, until the work is ready for the ſubſcribers.

July 18. 2awtf

URIAH SMITH,

No. 20, north Third ſtreet—HAS FOR SALE,

A neat and general aſſortment of

Broad Cloths, Kerſeymeres, Napt and Drab Coatings. ALSO,

A variety of Gentlemens' faſhionable fancy Waiſt-coating, ſilk Hoſiery, &c.

December 5. *eod2w

NOW LANDING,

From on board the ſhip Farmer, lying at Harper's Wharf,

Claret in hhds.

Ditto in caſes
Sauterne Wine in do.

For Sale, apply to

John Whiteſide & Co.

No. 138, Market-ſtreet.

Alſo, on hand,

Bourdeaux Brandy in pipes
Pipe old Antigua Rum
A few caſes of Claret, of a ſuperior quality.

november 29. §

To be Sold,

The time of a Negro Boy,

About fifteen years of age, has ſeven years yet to ſerve; he is an excellent houſe ſervant, active and healthy. Enquire of the Printer.

December 2. d2w

To Gentlemen who intend ſpending the Winter in the City.

ROOMS to LET,

WITH or without Board—at No. 114, corner of Sixth and Race Streets. The ſituation agreeable—and vicinity has been free from the late contagion. Oct. 27.—dtf

FOR SALE,

By JOHN MILLER, JUN. & Co.

No. 8, Cheſnut-ſtreet,

One hundred and eighty bales

BENGAL GOODS,

Amongſt which are,

Gurrahs	Mamoodies
Baſtas	Sannas
Guzzenahs	Tanda Coſſaes
Guzzies	Emertics
Blue Cloths	Calicoes
Palampoors	Romall Handkerchiefs

Amongſt them are a great proportion of the manufactures of Putna.

December 1. §

DANCING SCHOOL.

WILLIAM M'DOUGALL preſents his moſt reſpectful compliments to his former employers and the citizens in general, and returns his moſt grateful thanks, for the very bountiful encouragement he has experienced for theſe twenty-five years paſt, takes this opportunity of informing them, that his ſchool is now open, at his

Elegant Ball Room,

in South Fourth-Street, between Cheſnut and Walnut-ſtreets. To begin at 10 in the morning for young ladies, and 6 in the evening for young gentlemen.

His firſt Practicing Ball will be to-morrow evening, Saturday, the 9th inſt.

Dec. 8. 2awtf.

All Perſons

Having any demands againſt the Eſtate of the late Captain George Irwin, are requeſted to bring in their accounts properly atteſted, on or before the firſt day of January next enſuing and thoſe who are indebted to ſaid eſtate are ſolicited to make immediate payment to

SARAH IRWIN, Adminiſtratrix.

nov. 29 1797. 16

Genteel Boarding & Lodging.

A Family may be accommodated with a Drawing Room, two Bed Chambers, and ſuitable accommodation for ſervants—at no. 53, north Fourth ſtreet. Dec. 5—*tts

Samuel Pleaſants & Sons,

No. 74, South Second-ſtreet,

HAVE received a ſupply of Seaſonable GOODS, which they are now opening for ſale, on reaſonable terms. Oct 27.—4w

Muſical Inſtrument Manufactory,

167, Arch-ſtreet.

TO THE LOVERS OF HARMONY.

HARPER,

INFORMS his friends and the public, that he has now ready for ſale, a few of his new invented, and much admired ſide board Piano Fortes, with Pedals, patent ſwell, ſonopahant and French harp ſtop, which for ſenſibility of touch, brilliancy of tone, ſimplicity and durability of conſtruction, the ſuperiority of which he flatters himſelf, a ſingle trial will convince the unprejudiced judge—As they are manufactured under his immediate inſpection, of the very beſt ſeaſoned materials, he can ſell on reaſonable terms for CASH. Inſtruments repaired, tuned, &c.

N. B. Second hand Piano Fortes taken in exchange for new.

november 18. 2aw2mo.

Wants a place,

AS a Wet Nurſe, a young woman, who can be well recommended. Inquire in Eleventh ſtreet, near Race-ſtreet. *nov.* 27.

*eod1w.

This Day Publiſhed,

And to be ſold by WILLIAM YOUNG, corner of Second and Cheſnut ſtreets,

Price 3-8ths of a Dollar,

Obſervations on certain Documents

Contained in No. V and VI of

"The Hiſtory of the United States for the year 1796,"

In which the CHARGE OF SPECULATION againſt

ALEXANDER HAMILTON,

Late SECRETARY of the TREASURY, is FULLY REFUTED.

WRITTEN BY HIMSELF.

This publication preſents a conciſe ſtatement of the baſe means practiſed by the Jacobins of the United States to aſperſe the characters of thoſe perſons who are conſidered as hoſtile to their diſorganizing ſchemes. It alſo contains the correſpondence between Mr. Hamilton and Meſſrs. Monroe, Muhlenburgh and Venable, on the ſubject of the documents aforeſaid, and a ſeries of letters from James Reynolds and his wife to Mr. Hamilton, proving beyond the poſſibility of a doubt, that the connection between him and Reynolds, was the reſult of a daring conſpiracy on the part of the latter and his aſſociates to extort money.

☞ A diſcount of one third from the retail price will be made in favor of wholeſale purchaſers, for CASH. Orders to be addreſſed to Mr. YOUNG.

Auguſt 25.

FOR SALE,

Several fonts of Types—half worn.

Including Long Primer, about 400 weight, in good condition, and would anſwer the purpoſe of a country printer as well as new.

Enquire of the Printer. nov. 30.

Act laying Duties on Stamped Vellum Parchment and Paper.

A FEW copies of the above act may be had at the Office of the Gazette of the United States, No 19, Cheſnut-ſtreet. July 19.

New Aſſembly Room,

South Fourth ſtreet, between Cheſnut and Walnut ſtreets.

Mr. FRANCIS,

OF THE NEW-THEATRE,

RESPECTFULLY informs his ſcholars and the public in general, that his Academy for Dancing will commence, for the ſeaſon, on Thurſday, December 13, at the above

ELEGANT ROOM;

When he hopes to receive the continuance of their accuſtomed patronage, which it will be his unremitting endeavor to deſerve.

The days of teaching for his young pupils are Thurſdays and Saturdays, from 3 o'clock in the afternoon till 6, and from 6 till 9, for thoſe of a more advanced age.

As an accommodation to thoſe living in this vicinage, Mr FRANCIS intends to inſtruct a ſmall party of children on Wedneſday and Friday afternoons, at his houſe.

Diſtinct from the Practiſing Balls, Mr. FRANCIS will have four private ſelect Subſcription Balls.

Private teaching, either at the Academy, or his houſe.

Mr. FRANCIS's firſt Practiſing Ball will be on Tueſday, 19th Dec. at the New Aſſembly Room.

Ladies and Gentlemen's tickets to be had, by applying to Mr. F. as uſual.

For further particulars, enquire of Mr. F. No. 70, north Eighth ſtreet. Dec. 11—mwſtf

Imported in the brig Eliza,

Capt. HASTIE, *from Bourdeaux;*

Claret in Caſes of a very ſuperior quality,
White Sauterne Wine in Caſes,
Olive Oil in baſkets of 12 bottles each,
White and coloured Kid Gloves,
do. do. Silk do.
A few pipes of Bourdeaux Brandy,

For Sale by

JAMES LATIMER, jun.
71, South Wharves.

Who has alſo for Sale,

A few qr. Caſks Old Sherry Wine.

Dec. 5. d2w

For Sale by the Subſcriber,

10 bales Coſſas
40 do. Baſtas
11 do. Mamoody
17 do. Chintz
7 do. Tookery
2 do. Gorahs
25 do. Meragungees
3 do. Check Stripes
1 do. Guzzie
1 box Diapers
7 do. Umbrellas
25 pipes fineſt particular Madeira Wine, of the vintage 1795.

MORDECAI LEWIS.

December 5. 3aw4w

THOMAS RANDALL,

PRESENTS his reſpects to his Friends, and the Public in general, informs them that he has opened an Office, at his houſe, No. 88, Spruce ſtreet, for the purpoſe of tranſacting buſineſs in the line of Commiſſion and Agency, collecting rents and outſtanding claims in any part of the United States.—He flatters himſelf, that from his long reſidence in this country and a general knowledge of it, his ſervices will be found worthy the notice of thoſe who may pleaſe to confide to him the management of any of their concerns.

N. B. Security given where required.

11th mo 24 3tawtf

City of Waſhington.

SCHEME

Of the Lottery, No. II,

For the Improvement of the Federal City.

A magnificent dwelling-houſe & caſh	20,000 dollars, 30,000, are	50,000
1 ditto	15,000 & caſh	25,000
1 ditto	15,000 & caſh	15,000
1 ditto	10,000 & caſh	10,000
1 ditto	5,000 & caſh	5,000
1 ditto	5,000 & caſh	5,000
1 caſh prize of		10,000
2 do.	5,000 each, are	10,000
10 do.	1,000	10,000
20 do.	500	10,000
00 do.	100	10,000
200 do.	50	10,000
400 do.	25	10,000
1,000 do.	20	20,000
15,000 do.	10	150,000

16,739 Prizes.
33,261 Blanks.

50,000 Tickets, at Eight Dollars, 400,000

N. B. To favour thoſe who may take a quantity of Tickets, the prize of 40,000 dollars will be the LAST drawn ticket, and the 30,000 the LAST but ONE:

And approved notes, ſecuring payment in either money or prizes, in ten days after drawing, will be received for any number not leſs than 30 tickets.

This Lottery will afford an elegant ſpecimen of the private buildings to be erected in the City of Waſhington—Two beautiful deſigns are already ſelected for the entire fronts on two of the public ſquares; from theſe drawings it is propoſed to erect two centre and four corner buildings as ſoon as poſſible after this lottery is ſold, and to convey them, when complete, to the fortunate adventurers, in the manner deſcribed in the ſcheme for the Hotel Lottery. A nett deduction of five per cent. will be made to defray the neceſſary expenſes of printing, &c. and the ſurplus will be made a part of the fund intended for the National Univerſity, to be erected within the city of Waſhington.

The real ſecurities given for the payment of the Prizes, are held by the Preſident and two Directors of the Bank of Columbia, and are valued at more than half the amount of the lottery.

SAMUEL BLODGET.

*** Tickets may be had at the Bank of Columbia; of James Weſt & Co. Baltimore; of Peter Gilman, Boſton; of John Hopkins, Richmond; and of Richard Wells, Cooper's Ferry. mwf

PEALE'S MUSEUM.

THIS valuable repoſitory of the works of Nature, ſo well calculated to delight the mind and enlarge the underſtanding, is opened daily, as uſual. It ſtands in an airy and healthy ſituation, and free from the epidemic that at preſent afflicts the city; it may, therefore, be frequented with the greateſt ſafety.

As an Amuſement, the ſtudy of Nature is the moſt rational and pleaſing: as a Science, the moſt ſublime and inſtructive. It elevates the mind and expands the heart. They

"*Whom Nature's works can charm, with God himſelf*
"*Hold converſe.*"

Many intereſting additions have lately been made to this Muſeum: and the feathered tribe, containing a variety of the moſt rare and beautiful ſubjects, is now very advantageouſly arranged. Waxen Figures, of Men large as life (ſome of them caſts from nature) are here dreſſed in their proper habits, and placed in attitudes characteriſtic of their reſpective nations. Here may be ſeen the North-American Savage, and the Savage of South-America—a laboring Chineſe, and the Chineſe Gentleman—the ſooty African, and the Kamtſchadale—with ſome Natives of the South Sea Iſlands. The immenſe variety and intereſting diverſity which this Muſeum offers to the view, may be ſeen but cannot be deſcribed with full effect.

☞ Price only 1-4th of a dollar.

Sept. 28. 1aw

A farm for ſale,

IN Perth Amboy in the ſtate of New-Jerſey, of four hundred acres, including a proper proportion of meadow, of arable and wood land, and ſalt marſh; There is on the premiſes, a good apple orchard, and a variety of other fruit trees, it is well watered with ſprings and brooks, it is bounded on two ſides with navigable waters and has a good mill ſite, its ſituation is healthy and pleaſant, commanding a view of the navigation of Perth Amboy and its environs, and convenient to the fineſt fiſh and oyſters in their proper ſeaſon, it abounds with natural manure from which, with the advantages of the ſalt marſh by applying the hay therefrom to the keeping of ſtock, may at a ſmall expenſe, be enriched to a great degree and rendered one of the firſt grazing farms in the ſtate; it is well calculated for a farmer or a gentleman's ſeat, having ſeveral eligible ſites for building. This farm will be ſold together or divided, as may ſuit a purchaſer, at private ſale, or if not ſold, will be ſet up at public auction on Tueſday the nineteenth day of December next, at the houſe of *Robert Rattoone*, innkeeper in Perth Amboy, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe may view the premiſes by application to *John* or *Matthias Halſted* at Perth Amboy, from whom or from the Hon. *Jonathan Dayton*, Eſq. ſpeaker of the houſe of repreſentatives of the United States now in Philadelphia, from *Matthias Williamſon*, jun. eſq. or Mr. *Samuel Smith* at Elizabeth-Town further information may be obtained,—and who are poſſeſſed of maps of the ſame.

Perth Amboy, Nov. 16, 1797.

25—eodt18D

Saliſbury Eſtate.

THE Subſcriber, propoſing to contract his buſineſs, offers this Eſtate for ſale, on moderate terms. On it are one Blaſt and three Air Furnaces, a complete Boreing Machine, and a very good griſt Mill, with two pair of ſtones; alſo a good Forge, all in perfect repair, as are all the Water Works connected with theſe various branches. The Air Furnaces were lately built for the purpoſe of caſting Cannon for this State.—There are about two thouſand acres of Land, one half of which is under wood, the other very fine arable Land, producing the beſt Hay and Paſture. The Cannon lately manufactured there, fully proves the excellency of the metal, which is ſuperior to any in this country, and probably, equal to any in the world; for not one of ſixty-nine guns lately made, although ſome of the 24 were bored into 32 pounders, have failed on proving. The ſituation is very eligible, particularly for this branch of manufacture, and a place of arms lying in the ſtate of Connecticut, and only 30 miles from ſeveral landings on the Hudſon's river, and having every advantage that can reſult from a plenty of water iſſuing from a large natural pond, very near the Furnace, and which may be converted into a variety of other uſeful purpoſes. The purchaſer can be accommodated with all the ſtock and utenſils, and have poſſeſſion on or before the firſt of June next, and preparation may be made in the mean time for going into Blaſt immediately thereafter, for every part will be delivered in good order, with ſome coal, Ore, &c. &c. For terms, apply to Mr. Joſeph Anthony, in Philadelphia; David Brooks, Eſq. one of the Repreſentatives in Congreſs for this State; Mr, David Waterman, on the premiſes, or to the proprietor in New-York.

WILLIAM NEILSON.

Dec. 1. 3awtf

Houſe and Lots, *in Bordentown.*

TO BE SOLD, a handſome two ſtory Houſe, with the Lot on which it is erected, ſituated about the middle of the beautiful and healthy Village of Bordentown. The houſe is forty two feet front, and in neat order. The lot contains one acre, and is one hundred feet on the main ſtreet, and extends with the ſame breadth to back ſtreet. Alſo, a large Lot, containing nearly four acres, ſeparated from the former by back ſtreet. One third only of the purchaſe money will be required upon executing a deed, and for the remainder, ſuch credit will be given as the purchaſer may chuſe. This property will be ſold free of all incumbrances, and an indiſputable title given.

For further particulars enquire either of Dr. William Burnes, reſiding in Bordentown, near the premiſes, who will ſhew the ſame, or of

PETER THOMSON,

Conveyancer, no. 144, Market-ſtreet.

December 2. 3awtf

Real Eſtate for Sale,

A PLANTATION, in a healthy and good ſituation on Cheſter Creek, in Middleton Township, Delaware County, containing 119½ acres, upwards of 50 acres of which are wood land, well timbered; the remainder plough land and watered meadow—of the latter, many more acres can be made at a ſmall expence. There are on ſaid premiſes, a good orchard of beſt grafted fruit, a houſe, with a ſpring near the door, a frame barn with ſtabling under, and a log tenement on one part of ſaid place.——Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may view the premiſes by applying to WM. PENNELL, on ſaid farm, and know the terms by applying to JONATHAN PENNELL, in the borough of Cheſter.

november 21. 3t eod

To be ſold,

AN ELEGANT COUNTRY SEAT, containing 6 acres and 40 perches, with a neat two ſtory brick Houſe and Kitchen thereon, an apple Orchard, &c. ſituate on the Iriſh tract lane, in the township of Moyamenſing, about one mile from the city of Philadelphia. Further particulars will be made known upon application at the office of the Philadelphia Gazette.

The improvements upon this place, for taſte and elegance, ſtand unrivalled.

December 1. dtf

All Perſons who are indebted to

the eſtate of WILLIAM HEYSHAM, ſen. of Philadelphia, deceaſed, are requeſted to make ſpeedy payment; and thoſe who have any demands againſt ſaid eſtate, will pleaſe to preſent them, properly atteſted, to the ſubſcribers.

William Heyſham,
Robert Heyſham.
Francis Bowes Sayre,
} Executors.

november 6. 2awtaw

LAW BOOKS,

Lateſt London and Dublin Editions.

H. & P. RICE, Bookſellers,

No. 16, South Second, and No. 50, Market ſtreet,

HAVE juſt received by the late arrivals from London and Dublin, their ſpring importation, conſiſting of a variety of the lateſt and moſt approved Law Books, which, added to thoſe already on hand, forms the moſt extenſive collection ever offered for ſale in this country. They therefore beg leave to notice, that from the nature of their connections in Dublin, they are enabled to ſell Iriſh editions (as they have hitherto done) at the very loweſt prices. The following are among the lateſt publications.

Veſey, jun'rs Reports in Chancery, 2 vols. Peake's Caſes at Niſi Prius; Ridgeway's Reports in the time of Lord Hardwicke; Floyer's Proctor's Practice in the Eccleſiaſtical Courts; Barton's Treatiſe on a Suit in Equity; Tidd's Practice of the Court of King's Bench in Perſonal Actions, 2 parts complete; Ward's Law of Nations; Cruiſe on Uſes; modern Reports, 12 vols. London edition.

H. and P. RICE expect to receive by the firſt arrival from New-York the 6th vol. complete of Durnford and Eaſt's Reports, the 2d part of Gilbert's Law of Evidence by Loft, and a number of new publications.

June 26.